XML in DB2

Task 1. Select XML data with XPath and XQuery

- 1. Start command line processor
- 2. Start DB2 instance (db2start)
- 3. Start DataStudio
- 4. Connect to SAMPLE db
- 5. In the table CUSTOMER, read what are the data types of columns. How XML data are stored? Select and read XML data of customers (use XML editor in DataStudio).
- 6. Write query in XQuery to
 - a. Select all data from the column INFO

(hint: use XQUERY xmlcolumn function to read XML data: xquery db2-fn:xmlcolumn("CUSTOMER.INFO");)

- b. Select all elements name
- c. For all customers, select their names, but only the text value
- d. Select all data of customer with id 1003
- e. Select names of customers with id 1003 or 1005 (only text value)
- f. Select all phone numbers of customer with id 1005
- g. Select all home phone numbers of customer with id 1005
- h. Select all data of customers that have an assistant
- i. Select names and work phone numbers of customers that have an assistant
- j. Select names of all assistants (only text value)
- k. Select names and phone numbers of all assistants (only text values)
- 1. For any customer from Canada who has a home phone number, select the name of the assistant (only text value)
- m. Select names and phone numbers of all customers from Toronto
- n. Select names and phone numbers of assistants of all customers from Toronto

7. Write XQuery FLWOR expression to

- a. Select a sequence containing names and phone numbers of all customers
- b. Select a sequence containing names and phone numbers of all customers, but select only the work phone numbers
- c. Select a sequence containing names and all phone numbers of all customers that have a home phone number
- d. Select a sequence containing names of customers (only text) and for each customer who has an assistant, the name of the assistant; use XPath if: if (condition) then (expression1) else (expression2)
- e. Select the names of all customers that have an assistant, and the names and phone numbers of the assistants (use where and let)
- f. Select names of all customers and the how many phone numbers each of them has (use function COUNT())
- 8. Use function sqlquery, to instead of reading the whole XML column, select only some of the rows, and do the queries:

xquery db2-fn:sqlquery("select INFO from customer");

- a. Select all data of customer with id 1003
- b. Select names of customers with id 1003 or 1005 (only text value)
- c. Select phone numbers of customer with id 1005
- d. Select home phone numbers of each customer with id less than 1005